## Shively Labs ${ }^{\circledR}$

## Model 6513 Verticallu-Polarized fM Antenna

## Vertical Polarization

## 3 kW Power Rating per Bay

## Radomes \& Deicers Not Required

## Shively Standard features:

- Low Weight and Windload
- Adjustable Transformer Standard Єquipment
- Rugged Corrosion-Resistant Mounts
- Gasu to Install - Minimum Maintenance
- Pressure Relief Valve for Gasy Purging
- Pattern Studies and Directional Patterns Available


## Performance Specifications:

| Polarization: | Vertical onlu. |
| :--- | :--- |
| VSWR: | $1.04: 1 \pm 100 \mathrm{kHz}$ |
|  | $1.06: 1 \pm 100 \mathrm{kHz}$. |
| Input Connection: | female $1-5 / 8^{\prime \prime} \in \mathrm{IA}$. |
| feedline: | $1-5 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ rigid. |

Electrical Specifications:


| No. of Bous | Gain |  | Power | No. of Bays | Gain |  | Power |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Power | dB | kW |  | Power | dB | kW |
| 2 | 1.40 | 1.46 | 6 | 6 | 3.84 | 5.83 | 12 |
| 3 | 2.02 | 4.05 | 9 | 7 | 4.94 | 6.47 | 12 |
| 4 | 2.62 | 4.17 | 10 | 8 | 5.06 | 7.03 | 12 |
| 5 | 3.24 | 5.08 | 12 |  |  |  |  |

## Notes:

1. Our gain figures are derived from the computed directivity and include the losses in the antenna feed sustem.

Gain is provided for vertical polarization onlu. Gain will be reduced if null fill, beam tilt, or special wavelength spacing is provided. Gain will increase in a directional array by the directivity of the azimuth pattern.

## Model 6513 Size and Weight (Half-Wave-Spaced):

| No. of Bays | Vertical Tower Space |  |  |  |  |  | Weight |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Antenna Radiation Aperture |  | Phusical Space Used |  | Total Tower Space Recommended |  | Without ice |  | With 1/2" ( 1.2 cm ) radial ice |  |
|  | $f t$ | m | ft | m | ft | m | 16 | N | 16 | N |
| 2 | 5 | 1.6 | 14 | 4.6 | 25 | 8.2 | 98 | 437 | 300 | 1338 |
| 3 | 10 | 3.3 | 19 | 6.2 | 30 | 9.8 | 156 | 696 | 453 | 2020 |
| 4 | 15 | 4.9 | 24 | 7.9 | 35 | 11.5 | 214 | 954 | 606 | 2703 |
| 5 | 20 | 6.6 | 29 | 9.5 | 40 | 13.1 | 272 | 1213 | 759 | 3385 |
| 6 | 25 | 8.2 | 34 | 11.2 | 45 | 14.8 | 330 | 1472 | 912 | 4068 |
| 7 | 30 | 9.8 | 39 | 12.8 | 50 | 16.4 | 389 | 1735 | 1065 | 4750 |
| 8 | 35 | 11.5 | 38 | 12.5 | 55 | 18.0 | 441 | 1967 | 1200 | 5352 |

## Windload (Half-Wave-Spaced):

| No. of Bays | Revision 'C' |  |  |  | Revision 'f' |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Without ice |  | $\text { With } 1 / 2^{\prime \prime}(1.2 \mathrm{~cm})$ radial ice |  | Without ice |  | With 1/2" ( 1.2 cm ) radial ice |  |
|  | 16 | N | 16 | N | (ft2) | m2 | (ft2) | m2 |
| 2 | 206 | 919 | 317 | 1414 | 6.8 | 0.63 | 9.6 | 0.89 |
| 3 | 318 | 1418 | 490 | 2185 | 10.5 | 0.98 | 15.1 | 1.40 |
| 4 | 430 | 1918 | 664 | 2961 | 14.2 | 1.32 | 20.6 | 1.91 |
| 5 | 543 | 2422 | 838 | 3737 | 17.9 | 1.66 | 25.9 | 2.41 |
| 6 | 655 | 2921 | 1011 | 4509 | 21.6 | 2.01 | 31.4 | 2.92 |
| 7 | 767 | 3421 | 1184 | 5281 | 25.3 | 2.35 | 36.7 | 3.41 |
| 8 | 869 | 3876 | 1343 | 5990 | 29.0 | 2.69 | 41.6 | 3.86 |

## Notes:

2. The mounting structure must not flex more than $\pm 1 / 2$ in ( $\pm 1.2 \mathrm{~cm}$ ) in any ten-ft (3-meter) section. five feet ( 1.5 m ) of mounting structure is required above and below the antenna bays for proper pattern formation.
3. Antenna radiation aperture is the distance from the center of the top bay to the center of the bottom bay. Physical space used is from the top of the top bay to the input flange at the bottom of the array, or the bottom of the bottom bay in a center-fed array. Total tower space recommended allows ten feet ( 3 m ) of clear tower space above and below the antenna to protect from pattern interference by other antennas. At frequencies lower than 98 MHz , each of these dimensions will increase bu up to $1 \mathrm{ft}(0.3 \mathrm{~m})$ per bau.
4. Seven bays or less are normally end-fed. All antennas supplied with beam tilt will be center-fed. Antennas with an odd number of baus are normally not available with center feed.
5. Windload and weight tabulations are estimates and assume 98 MHz . They include the bay, interbay feedline, input connection, and a fine-matching transformer. No values have been included in these tabulations for mounts. Actual values vary with the specific installation. Contact us with details of your installation if more precise values are needed.
6. Antenna windloads are calculated for 112 mph ( 180 kph ), using $50 \mathrm{psf}\left(2400 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{m}^{2}\right)$ for flats and $33 \mathrm{psf}\left(1600 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{m}^{2}\right)$ for rounds] per EIA standard RS-222-C and CSA standard S37-94. The surface area is calculated per GIA standard RS-222-f ( $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{a}} \mathrm{A}_{\mathrm{c}}$ ).
7. Ask for technical assistance at Shively if you are planning to mount antennas on AM towers or install them at alti-
